

## PARALLEL COMPUTING ON THE NAVIER-STOKES SOLVER WITH THE MULTIGRID METHOD

Kiattisak Ngiamsoongnirn<sup>\*</sup>, Ekachai Juntasaro<sup>\*</sup>, Varangrat Juntasaro<sup>\*\*</sup>  
and Putchong Uthayopas<sup>\*\*\*</sup>

<sup>\*</sup>School of Mechanical Engineering, Institute of Engineering,  
Suranaree University of Technology, Nakhon Ratchasima, Thailand,

Phone: (044)224410-2, Email: [junta@sut.ac.th](mailto:junta@sut.ac.th)

<sup>\*\*</sup>Department of Mechanical Engineering, Faculty of Engineering,  
Kasetsart University, Bangkok, Thailand, Phone: (02)9428555 ext 1829, Email: [ovrsk@ku.ac.th](mailto:ovrsk@ku.ac.th)

<sup>\*\*\*</sup>Department of Computer Engineering, Faculty of Engineering,  
Kasetsart University, Bangkok, Thailand, Phone: (02)9428555 ext 1416, Email: [pu@ku.ac.th](mailto:pu@ku.ac.th)

### Abstract

This paper is aimed to present the combination of the parallel computing and the multigrid method on the Navier-Stokes solver. The combination is based on the concept of the objected-oriented programming (OOP), which is consisted of the 3 independently separate modules: Navier-Stokes, Multigrid and Parallel module. The multigrid method is implemented by employing the full approximate scheme (FAS) for numerically solving the non-linear Navier-Stokes equations. The overall computation is performed by using the parallel computing in which many numbers of computers are concurrently computed for the same task but on different sub-data. The second-order upwind differencing scheme is used for discretising the convective terms to obtain more accurate solutions. The two-dimensional laminar flow in a cavity is used as a test case. It is found that the computational time is decreased when employing the combination of the multigrid method and the parallel computing.

**Published in :** The 17<sup>th</sup> Conference of Mechanical Engineering Network of Thailand (ME-NETT 17), KMITNB-Prachinburi, Thailand, October 15-17, 2003.